

APPLICATION

FOR

UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

TITLE: SELF-POWERED WIRELESS DEVICE

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Express Mail No. EL911617399US

Date: October 25, 2001

SELF-POWERED WIRELESS DEVICE

Background

This invention relates generally to wireless devices such as peripherals for processor-based devices including
5 personal computers, processor-based appliances, and game consoles.

In a number of cases, a peripheral or input/output device may be conveniently carried with the user to operate a remote processor-based device. In such case, the user
10 can position himself or herself where desired with greater freedom of movement relative to the controlled processor-based device. Thus, wireless keyboards and mice have become very popular.

Generally, wireless peripherals are battery powered
15 and operate under an appropriate protocol such as a radio frequency or infrared protocol. As long as the user is sufficiently close to a base station or the controlled processor-based device, the processor-based device and the peripheral may communicate, regardless of whether the user
20 moves or not.

Some peripheral devices such as consoles used to control game devices have generally not been amenable to such wireless links. Despite the fact that gaming situations may involve a plurality of users who may prefer

to spread out in a room, wireless controls have not been widely adopted. Constant actuation of the gaming controls and the need for frequent and fast communications with the processor-based system that is being controlled means that
5 the power dissipation of the remote control consoles is relatively high. Thus, batteries may have an extremely short life, necessitating constant changes and risking power failures in the middle of games. In addition, the weight involved in providing sufficient battery power to
10 such consoles, may make those consoles somewhat unwieldy.

Thus, there is a need for a better way to power wireless devices in relatively high power consumption applications.

Brief Description of the Drawings

15 Figure 1 is a perspective view of one embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a schematic depiction of one embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3 is a front elevational view of the embodiment
20 shown in Figure 2 in a different position; and

Figure 4 is a schematic depiction of another embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed Description

Referring to Figure 1, a wireless device 10 may
25 communicate with a remote processor-based system over an

interface 12. In one embodiment, the interface 12 may be an infrared interface that enables communications with the remote processor-based device using a suitable infrared protocol. Alternatively, the interface 12 may be a radio frequency interface which communicates with a similar interface associated with the processor-based device.

5 In some embodiments, the wireless device 10 may be a game console that includes selection buttons 16 and a joystick 18. A game console may be utilized to control a processor-based game that is being run on a remote processor-based system.

10 In other embodiments, the wireless device 10 may be a mouse, a keyboard, or any of a variety of input/output devices for processor-based systems. All that is needed is that the wireless device 10 include controls that are actively operated. The selections that are made through the button 16 and joystick 18 are conveyed to the interface 12 for a transmission to the remote processor-based system (not shown).

15 20 Referring to Figure 2, the wireless device 10 may include an infrared signal transmitter 12a in one embodiment. The transmitter 12a receives signals from an in-console signal generating circuitry 36. The circuitry 36 may be contained within the housing 14 of the device 10 in one embodiment.

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When the button 16 is depressed, it compresses a coil spring 22 in one embodiment. The shaft 17 of button 16 is pressed downwardly into the console 14 through an opening therein. Connected to the free end of the shaft 17 is a saw-tooth operator 24. The saw-tooth operator 24 may be coupled to the shaft 17 via a pivoting connection 28. The operator 24 is biased to the left in Figure 2 by a coil spring 26 coupled to the housing 14. Thus, the operator 24 includes teeth 25 that are biased into engagement with the teeth 27 of a gear wheel 30. The gear wheel 30 may be coupled to a flywheel 22 in some embodiments.

The downward operation of the button 16 results in downward movement of the shaft 17 and the operator 24. The operator 24 is biased into engagement with the teeth 27 of the gear wheel 30. Thus, the translation of the button 16 is converted into rotation in the direction of the arrow D of the gear wheel 30. The rotation of the gear wheel 30 results in rotation of the link 33 around its axis.

A flywheel 32 may be mounted on the gear wheel 30 to increase the energy storage capability of the gear wheel 30. The rotation of the link 33 about its axis results in rotational motion that is converted into electricity by the generator 34.

The potential generated by the generator 34 is supplied across the terminals of a storage capacitor 42. The storage capacitor 42 may then power the in-console

generating circuitry 36. The wireless device 10 may produce sufficient power to generate signals for transmission to the remote processor-based device and to operate displays that may reside on the wireless device 10.

- 5 In some embodiments, depending on the frequency of button 16 operation, an additional battery 40 may be provided as well.

10 Movement of the button 16 may be detected by a sensor 38 which is also conveyed to the circuitry 36. The signals developed by the circuitry 36 may be passed through the infrared signal transmitter 12a in one embodiment. In other embodiments, transmitters other than infrared signal transmitters may be utilized as described previously.

15 When the button 16 is released, it springs upwardly in the direction of arrow C shown in Figure 3. That is, the coil spring 22 attempts to return to its initial position by biasing the button 16 upwardly. The upward movement of the button 16 lifts the shaft 17 and operator 24. The upward movement biases the operator 24 against the tension
20 supplied by the coil spring 26 because of the saw-tooth shape of the teeth 25. In particular, the surface 29 of each tooth 25 is biased by the teeth 27 so that the operator 24 is pushed to the right in Figure 3. Thus, the operator 24 disengages from the gear wheel 30 preventing
25 reverse rotation thereof. In some cases, the gear wheel 30

may continue to spin, for example, under the influence of the flywheel 32, as indicated by the arrow D.

Thus, the repeated actuation of control button 16 on the housing 14 may be converted into potential. The
5 generated potential may be utilized to power the wireless device 10 either without batteries or in conjunction with batteries.

In some embodiments, other control devices may also be equipped with power conversion devices. For example, the
10 joystick 18 may be coupled to a shaft 50 that is mounted on a ball and socket joint 52. Thus, the joystick 18 may be rotated relative to the ball and socket joint 52. Rotation of the shaft 50 may be detected by a sensor 54 and provided to the in-console generating circuit 36. In one
15 embodiment, the circuitry 36 may be coupled to a transmitter 12a.

Rotation of the joystick 18 in the direction of the arrow E in Figure 4 translates the operator 24 to the right causing the teeth 25 to rotate the gear wheel 30 having
20 teeth 27. Thus, the gear wheel 30 is rotated in the direction indicated by the arrow F causing rotation of the link 33. Again, the rotation of the link 33 powers a generator 34 which produces a charge across the storage capacitor 42. This charge then operates as a power source
25 for the circuitry 36.

When the joystick 38 is operated in a direction opposite the direction E, the operator 24 disengages from the gear wheel 30 in one embodiment. In some cases, additional operators 24 may be utilized to capture the available energy in all directions of displacement of the joystick 18.

While the present invention has been described with respect to a limited number of embodiments, those skilled in the art will appreciate numerous modifications and variations therefrom. It is intended that the appended claims cover all such modifications and variations as fall within the true spirit and scope of this present invention.

What is claimed is: